

## Supplementary Materials for

# Diaclycerol Kinase $\zeta$ Limits the Generation of Natural Regulatory T Cells

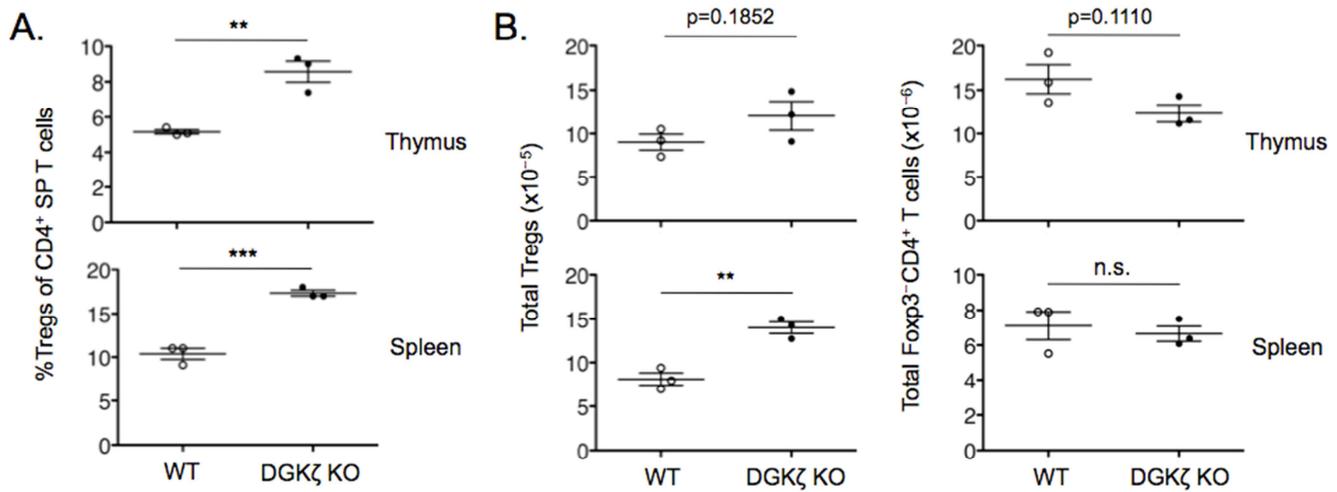
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Published 26 November 2013, *Sci. Signal.* **6**, ra101 (2013)  
DOI: 10.1126/scisignal.2004411

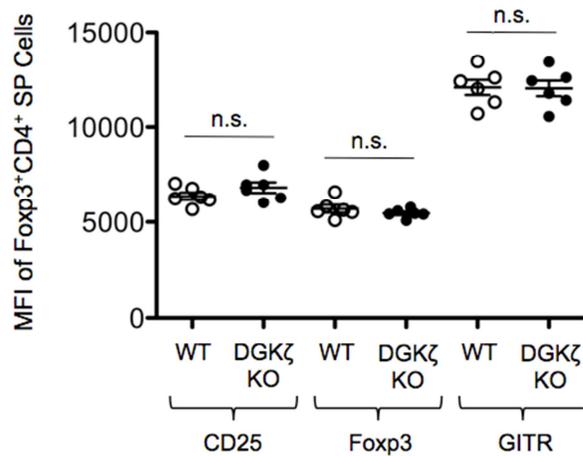
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- Fig. S1. DGK $\zeta^{-/-}$  mice exhibit increased percentages and numbers of thymic and peripheral T<sub>reg</sub> cells at 3 weeks of age.
- Fig. S2. DGK $\zeta^{-/-}$  and wild-type T<sub>reg</sub> cells are phenotypically similar.
- Fig. S3. Immature CD4 SP thymocytes from wild-type and DGK $\zeta^{-/-}$  mice exhibit similar cell division and death during 72 hours of culture.
- Fig. S4. ERK phosphorylation and NF- $\kappa$ B activation are not interdependent in DGK $\zeta^{-/-}$  mice.

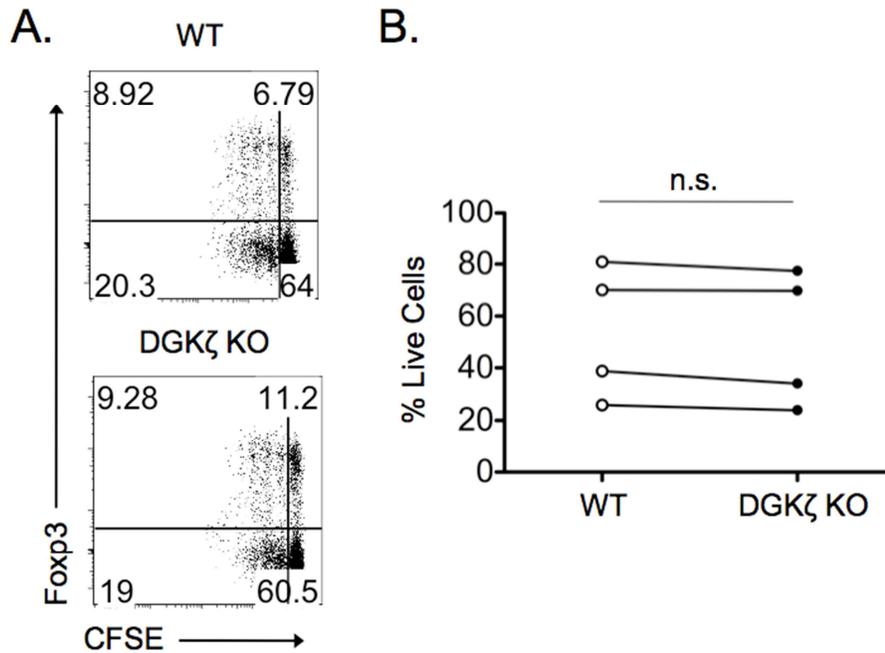


**Fig. S1. DGK $\zeta$ <sup>-/-</sup> mice exhibit increased percentages and numbers of thymic and peripheral T<sub>reg</sub> cells at 3 weeks of age.** (A and B) The thymi (top) and spleens (bottom) of 3-week old WT (open circles) and DGK $\zeta$ <sup>-/-</sup> (closed circles) mice were analyzed by flow cytometry to detect Foxp3 and CD25. (A) Scatter plots show the means  $\pm$  SEM of the percentages of T<sub>reg</sub> cells within the population of live CD4<sup>+</sup> SP T cells. (B) Absolute numbers of T<sub>reg</sub> cells (left) and Foxp3<sup>-</sup>CD4<sup>+</sup> T cells (right). Shown are data for all mice compiled from one experiment, with each circle representative of a single mouse. \*\* $P$  < 0.01, \*\*\* $P$  < 0.001, by unpaired two-tailed student's t-test. n.s., not significant.

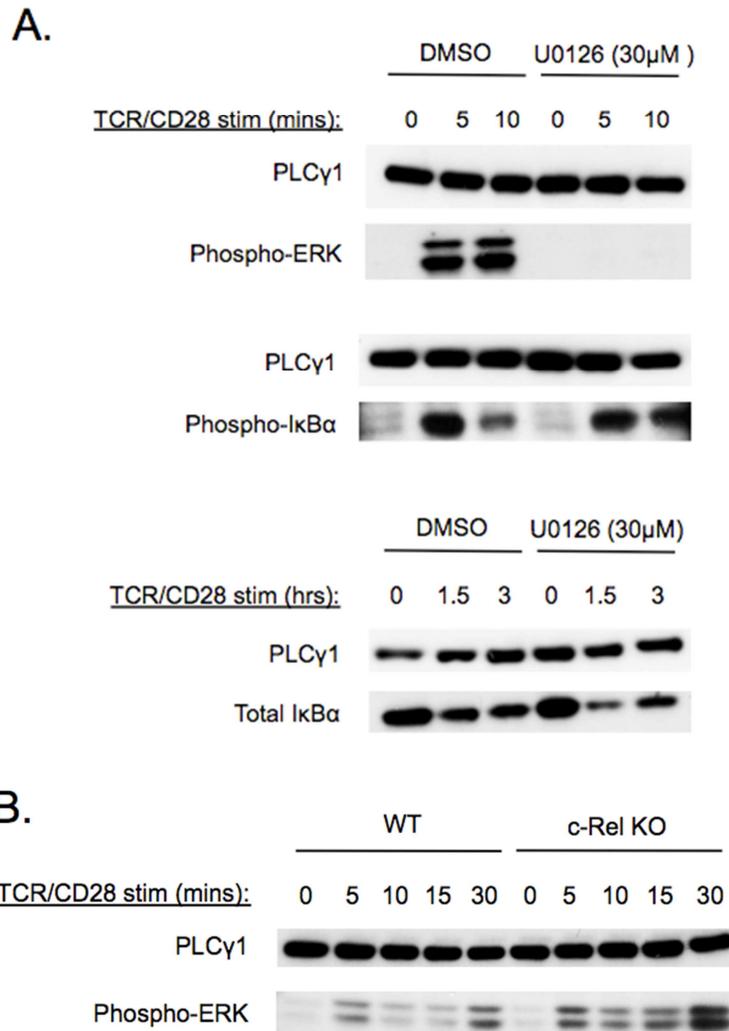
### Thymus



**Fig. S2. DGK $\zeta$ <sup>-/-</sup> and wild-type T<sub>reg</sub> cells are phenotypically similar.** Thymic T<sub>reg</sub> cells from the indicated mice were assessed for the abundances of CD25, GITR, and Foxp3 protein by flow cytometry. A scatter plot shows the means  $\pm$  SEM of the mean fluorescence intensity (MFI) of each protein in WT (open circles) and DGK $\zeta$ <sup>-/-</sup> (closed circles) thymocytes, previously gated on live, Foxp3<sup>+</sup> CD4 SP cells. Data are depicted for all mice compiled from two experiments, with each circle representative of a single mouse. n.s., not significant by unpaired two-tailed student's t-test.



**Fig. S3. Immature CD4 SP thymocytes from wild-type and DGK $\zeta$ <sup>-/-</sup> mice exhibit similar cell division and death during 72 hours of culture.** (A and B) Immature CD4 SP thymocytes (Foxp3<sup>-</sup>CD25<sup>-</sup>CD44<sup>lo</sup>CD69<sup>hi</sup>) sorted from the thymi of WT or DGK $\zeta$ <sup>-/-</sup> Foxp3.GFP reporter mice were labeled with CFSE and cultured in the presence of IL-2 and anti-CD3 antibody. (A) Flow cytometric profiles of WT (top) and DGK $\zeta$ <sup>-/-</sup> (bottom) thymocytes previously gated on CD4<sup>+</sup> live singlets show dilution of CFSE and production of Foxp3 after 72 hours of culture. Data are from a single experiment and are representative of three independent experiments. (B) Scatter plots show the means  $\pm$  SEM of the percentages of live cells observed by flow cytometry for cultured WT and DGK $\zeta$ <sup>-/-</sup> thymocytes from four independent experiments. n.s., not significant by paired two-tailed student's t-test.



**Fig. S4. ERK phosphorylation and NF- $\kappa$ B activation are not interdependent in DGK $\zeta$ <sup>-/-</sup> mice.** (A) FACS-sorted splenic Foxp3<sup>-</sup>CD44<sup>lo</sup>CD4<sup>+</sup> DGK $\zeta$ <sup>-/-</sup> T cells were pretreated with or without 30  $\mu$ M U0126 for 1 hour and then were stimulated with through the TCR and CD28 for the indicated times. Cell lysates were analyzed by Western blotting to detect pERK (top) and pI $\kappa$ B $\alpha$  (bottom). Total PLC- $\gamma$ 1 protein served as a loading control. (B) MACS-sorted splenic CD4<sup>+</sup> T cells from WT or c-Rel<sup>-/-</sup> mice were stimulated through the TCR and CD28 for the indicated times. Cell lysates were analyzed by Western blotting to detect pERK. Total PLC- $\gamma$ 1 served as a loading control. Western blots are representative of two independent experiments.